BURNING WITHIN A TOWNSHIP

Legislation has recently changed, in regards to burning within a township (please refer to for burning township map). The following information has been extracted from the South Australia Environment Protection (Air Quality) Policy 2016 (under section 28 of the Environment Protection Act 1993)

The only burning allowed within a township is as follows:

- 1. lighting or maintaining a fire using charcoal, dry wood or other dry plant material for the purpose of preparing food or beverages;
- 2. burning charcoal (but not wood or other plant material) in a brazier, chimines or fire pit for domestic heating;
- burning agriculture or forestry waste, burning off vegetation for fire prevention or control, or burning vegetation for any other purpose, outside a fire danger season¹, provided that
 - a. the burning activity is carried out in accordance with a burning permit issued under clause 6 ²; and
 - b. the person complies with any mandatory measures of a prescribed burning code of practice that apply in relation to the burning activity; and
 - c. the person has regard to any recommended measures of a prescribed burning code of practice that apply in relation to the burning activity.

N.B. Points a, b and c pertain to point 3 only.

All burning must be in accordance with

CFS Code of Practice for Broad Acre Burning 2015 and CFS Code of Practice for Vegetation Pile Burning 2015

Only dry seasoned material can be burnt

Noxious material such as tyres, plastics, oils and painted or treated timber must not be burnt Burning only to be conducted between 10am and 3pm Monday to Friday inclusive unless exceptional circumstances (recreational purposes)

Any fire lit must be completely extinguished within the set time

Application conditions

All applications to burn must be in writing and will require an inspection by an Authorised Officer of the District Council of Kimba. Please contact DCK for a Permit Application for Burning in the Open within a Township, also located at www.kimba.com.au.

Applications should allow minimum of seven days (from receipt of application) before approval may be granted.

Applications will be assessed in accordance with the District Council of Kimba EPA Burning Permit Guidelines.

The fact that a person has complied with the conditions of this application does not relieve a person from liability for any loss or damage caused by a fire lit under the authority of the notice.

¹ During the Fire Danger Season the requirements of the South Australia Fire and Emergency Services Regulations 2005, Subdivision 2—Fires during the fire danger season take precedence over the South Australia Environment Protection (Air Quality) Policy 2016 (under section 28 of the Environment Protection Act 1993). These requirements are primarily for compliance outside of the Fire Danger Season.

² Clause 6—Burning permits

- (1) The Authority or relevant council delegate may issue a permit (a burning permit) authorising a person or class of persons to carry out any 1 or more of the following burning activities outside of a fire danger season:
 - (a) burning agriculture or forestry waste; or
 - (b) burning off vegetation for fire prevention or control; or
 - (c) burning vegetation for any other purpose.

For any further information, please contact Deb Larwood, Michael Inglis or Kate Francis at the Council Office: 86272026